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Enable the Ratepayers of any locality to veto the issue of  
Licences for the sale of Intoxicating Liquors in Ireland. A.D. 1893.

**W**HERERAS the traffic in intoxicating liquors is one of the main causes of poverty, disease, and crime, depresses trade and commerce, increases local taxation, and endangers the safety and welfare of the community:

- 5 And whereas it is expedient to confer powers upon ratepayers and parliamentary voters in towns and districts in Ireland to prohibit or control such traffic:

Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and  
10 Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1. The following terms in this Act shall have the meanings  
assigned to them respectively: Definitions.

- 15 "Voter" in this Act shall mean any person whose name shall from time to time be duly entered upon the register of parliamentary voters:

"Town" shall mean and include—

- Any parliamentary or municipal borough; also  
20 Any town having commissioners under an Act passed in the session of Parliament held in the ninth year of the reign of King George the Fourth, chapter eighty-two, intituled  
"An Act to make provision for the lighting, cleansing,  
"and watching of cities and towns corporate, and market  
"towns, in Ireland, in certain cases;" also  
25 Any town having municipal commissioners under an Act passed in the session of Parliament held in the third and fourth years of the reign of Her present Majesty Queen

[Bill 124.]

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A.D. 1862.

Victoria, intituled "An Act for the regulation of municipal corporations in Ireland;" also

Any town having town commissioners or commissioners under the Towns Improvement Act, 1854, or under any Local and Personal Act: 5

"Division" shall mean a ward or division of any town which has been divided into wards or divisions for the purposes of municipal elections:

"District" shall mean a polling district the boundaries of which have been defined in pursuance of the Redistribution of Seats Act, 1885, where such district shall not include a town; but where such district shall include a town or towns, shall mean that portion of such district not included within the boundaries of such town or towns: 10

"Intoxicating liquors" shall mean spirits, wine, beer, porter, ale, cider, perry, and sweets, and any fermented, distilled, or spirituous liquors which cannot, according to any law for the time being in force, be legally sold without a licence from the Commissioners of Inland Revenue: 15

"Licence" shall mean any licence for the sale of any intoxicating liquor granted by an officer of excise upon production of a certificate of any recorder of a city or borough or of justices under the provision of any Act now or hereafter requiring such certificate: 20

"Licensing authority" shall mean, as to licences granted in pursuance of certificates given at the recorder's court for any city, borough, or town respectively, and as to renewals or transfers of such licences, the recorder of any city, borough, or town respectively, and as to licences granted in pursuance of certificates given at quarter sessions, and as to renewals or transfers of such licences, the justices or authority empowered to grant such certificates at quarter sessions, and as to other licences, excise licences, and wholesale beer dealers' licences, the justice or justices empowered to grant certificates for the same respectively. 25 30 35

Application of voters for a poll to determine on the adoption or rejection of these resolutions.

2. It shall be lawful at any time *after the passing of this Act* for any number, not being less than one tenth of the whole of the voters in any town, division, or district, by notice in writing not later than the *first day of May* in any year, if in a town or division to be served upon the mayor or chairman of the town commis- 40 sioners as the case may be of the town, or if in a district, to be served upon the sheriff of the county in which such district (or the

largest portion of the area thereof) is situated, requiring such mayor, chairman, or sheriff to take a poll of the voters in such town, division, or district for or against the adoption in such town, division, or district of the three resolutions of the purport and effect hereafter in this section mentioned, such poll to be taken in manner herein-after provided, not later than twenty-one days, nor sooner than seven days, after such notice in writing shall have been so served as aforesaid, and such mayor, chairman of town commissioners, or sheriff shall be the returning officer under this Act.

Such returning officer may, if he thinks fit, within two days from the service of such notice, require an agreement by or an undertaking from the persons serving such notice, jointly or severally, to pay the returning officer the expenses of proceedings under this Act in case none of the said resolutions shall be adopted, and such returning officer shall not be bound to proceed under this Act until such agreement or undertaking be given.

(1.) First resolution.—That the sale of intoxicating liquors shall be prohibited:

(2.) Second resolution.—That the number of licences, excise licences, and wholesale beer dealers' licences, respectively, shall be reduced to a certain number, to be specified in such notice:

(3.) Third resolution.—That no new licences shall be granted.

Except as hereafter in this Act provided, every poll under this Act shall be taken on each of the said three resolutions.

3. Not later than seven days after receiving such notice, or undertaking, or agreement, as the case may be, the returning officer shall cause a notice to be affixed on or near the principal door of the chief places of worship, and the door of every public school, and on the usual places for posting notices in the town, division, or district, and shall cause such notice to be inserted twice at least in one or more newspapers (if any) published within the town, division, or district, or if there are none such newspapers, then in some other newspaper or newspapers circulated therein, duly setting forth the purpose of the said poll, and the said resolutions and the terms of this Act authorising the poll to be taken, and specifying on what day (but not later than fourteen days, nor sooner than seven days, after the publication of such notice), and at what place or places within such town, division, or district the voting for or against the adoption of the said resolutions shall take place.

4. The register of parliamentary voters for the time being of the town, division, or district, or of the polling district within which

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Notice of time and place for receiving votes for or against the resolutions.

Proof of voters' qualification.

A.D. 1853. — such town, or division, or district shall be situate, shall be conclusive evidence that the persons therein named had or have, during the continuance in force of such register, the qualifications annexed to their names.

Mode of voting. 5. At the time appointed for voting for or against the adoption 5 of the said resolutions the voting shall be conducted as nearly as possible in accordance with the Acts for the time being in force regulating the procedure to be observed at municipal elections:

Provided that the ballot papers shall be in the form set forth in the first part of the schedule to this Act, and the form of 10 directions for the guidance of the voters set forth in the second part of the said schedule shall be substituted for any other form prescribed by law for municipal elections.

Resolution adopted by majority of two thirds. 6. Every voter shall have one vote for or against each resolution. 15

If a majority of two thirds of the votes recorded in respect of any resolution be in favour of its adoption, such resolution shall be carried, and, subject to the following proviso, shall be adopted :

Provided that—

(a.) Only one resolution shall be adopted at any one poll. 20

(b.) If the first resolution be carried it shall be adopted, whether either or both of the other two resolutions have been carried or not.

(c.) If the second resolution be carried, and the first be not carried, the second resolution shall be adopted, whether the 25 third resolution be carried or not.

(d.) If the third resolution be carried, and the first and second be not carried, the third resolution shall be adopted.

Declaration of poll. 7. The returning officer shall, not later than the day after the poll has taken place, declare the result of the voting, and whether 30 any and which of the resolutions have been adopted or all have been rejected; and if the first resolution has been adopted, the returning officer shall fix such day as he shall think fit, but not later than the *first day of November* then next, when such resolution is to come into operation, and the returning officer shall forthwith 35 cause to be affixed and published notice of such resolution, and of the date so fixed in the same manner as herein-before provided for the notices of the poll under this Act. A copy of the notice of such resolution and of the date fixed for its coming into operation shall be conclusive proof in any proceedings under this Act that the said 40 first resolution has been duly adopted, and that the formalities required by this Act have been complied with. When any of the

resolutions has been adopted, intimation thereof shall, within seven days from the day on which the result of the voting shall be declared, be sent by the returning officer to the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland for the time being, and to the licensing authority of the town, division, or district for which such resolution shall have been so adopted.

A.D. 1883.

8. If the first resolution be adopted in any town, division, or district, then from and after the date when it comes into operation in such town, division, or district it shall not be lawful to sell, or expose for sale, or barter, or hawk, or otherwise dispose of intoxicating liquors therein; and any person or persons selling, or bartering, or otherwise disposing of intoxicating liquors contrary to this Act, shall be guilty of an offence, and, on conviction, be subject to all the penalties prescribed by section three of the Licensing Act, 1872.

First resolution.  
Prohibition of sale, barter, or exchange.

Penalties for breach of this Act.

Provided that nothing herein contained shall be held to affect any sale made under any statute permitting the sale of methylated spirits for use in the arts and manufactures, or the sale of intoxicating liquors for medicinal use:

20 Provided also, that it shall not be lawful for any person in the said town, division, or district for which such resolution has been adopted to sell any intoxicating liquors for medicinal use, except on the prescription of a legally qualified medical practitioner, and unless he is a pharmaceutical chemist, or a chemist and druggist registered under the Pharmacy Act (Ireland), 1868, or any Act amending the same; and it shall not be lawful to sell any intoxicating liquors for medicinal use unless the bottle or other vessel in which such intoxicating liquor is contained be distinctly labelled with the words "intoxicating liquors," and the name and address of the seller; and any person selling intoxicating liquor for medicinal use otherwise than is herein provided shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding *five pounds*, or to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a term not exceeding *one month*, for the first offence; and to a penalty not exceeding *ten pounds*, or to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a term not exceeding *two months*, for the second or any subsequent offence; and for the purposes of this Act the person on whose behalf any sale is made by any apprentice or servant shall be deemed to be the seller.

9. If the second resolution be adopted in any town, division, or district, it shall be the duty of the licensing authority for such town, division, or district, at his or their next general meeting for granting and renewing certificates, to restrict the total number of

Second resolution.  
Reduction of licenses.

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certificates granted or renewed by them to or within the number specified in the resolution.

Third  
resolution.  
Prohibition  
against new  
licences.

10. If the third resolution be adopted in any town, division, or district, it shall not be lawful for the licensing authority for such town, division, or district, after receiving intimation thereof, to grant a certificate to any person in said town, division, or district for the sale of intoxicating liquors in any house or premises unless at the time of the adoption of such resolution a licence was current and in force for the sale of intoxicating liquors in such house or premises, and any certificate granted in contravention of this section shall be null and void.

When a poll  
may be again  
taken.

11. In any town, division, or district (1) If the first resolution be adopted, a poll may be again demanded in manner provided by this Act, but not for *five years* after the date of such adoption, and in such case a poll shall be taken on the first resolution only. 15

(2.) If the second resolution be adopted, a poll may be again demanded on all the said resolutions, but not for *two years* after the last poll has been taken.

(3.) If the third resolution be adopted, no further polls shall be competent on that resolution, but in that case a poll may be again demanded on the first and second resolutions, but not for *two years* after the last poll has been taken. 20

(4.) If all the resolutions be rejected a poll may be again demanded in manner provided by this Act, but not for *two years* after the last poll has been taken. 25

Expenses.

12. Where a poll has been taken, then, if any resolution under this Act be adopted, or if the first resolution be rejected, the expenses of the proceedings shall be defrayed in counties out of the grand jury cess, and in towns out of the general purposes rates or town rates of such town. 30

Prosecution  
of offences.

13. When any resolution under this Act has been adopted in any town, division, or district, it shall be competent for any voter in such town, division, or district to prosecute for offences under this Act.

Title of Act.

14. This Act may for all purposes be cited as the Liquor Traffic (Local Veto) (Ireland) Act, 1893, and shall apply to Ireland only. 35

## SCHEDULE.

A.D. 1893.

## PART I.

*Form of Ballot Paper.*

Counterfoil No.		Resolutions.	For.	Against.
5		I. Prohibition.		
		II. Reduction.		
10		III. No new licences.		

NOTE.—The counterfoil is to have a number to correspond with a number on the back of the ballot paper.

## PART II.

15 *Form of Directions for the Guidance of the Voter in voting, which shall be printed in conspicuous Characters, and placarded outside every Polling Station and in every Compartment of every Polling Station.*

The voter may vote for or against each of the three resolutions.

20 The voter will go into one of the compartments, and, with the pencil provided in the compartment, place a cross opposite each resolution either in the column headed "For" or in the column headed "Against," thus X

25 The voter will then fold up the ballot paper so as to show the official mark on the back, and, leaving the compartment, will, without showing the front of the paper to any person, show the official mark on the back to the presiding officer, and then, in the presence of the presiding officer, put the paper into the ballot box, and forthwith quit the polling station.

If the voter inadvertently spoils a ballot paper, he can return it to the officer, who will, if satisfied of such inadvertence, give him another paper.

30 If the voter votes more than once for any resolution, or places any mark on the paper by which he may be afterwards identified, his ballot paper will be void, and will not be counted.

35 If the voter takes a ballot paper out of the polling station, or deposits in the ballot box any other paper than the one given him by the officer, he will be guilty of a misdemeanour, and be subject to imprisonment for any term not exceeding six months, with or without hard labour.

Note.—These directions shall be illustrated by examples of the ballot paper.

